

Insulating materials **Specifications**



Table of contents

- Heat insulating characteristics, λ value
- Flammability
- Temperature resistance
- Volumetric weight
- Cost comparison



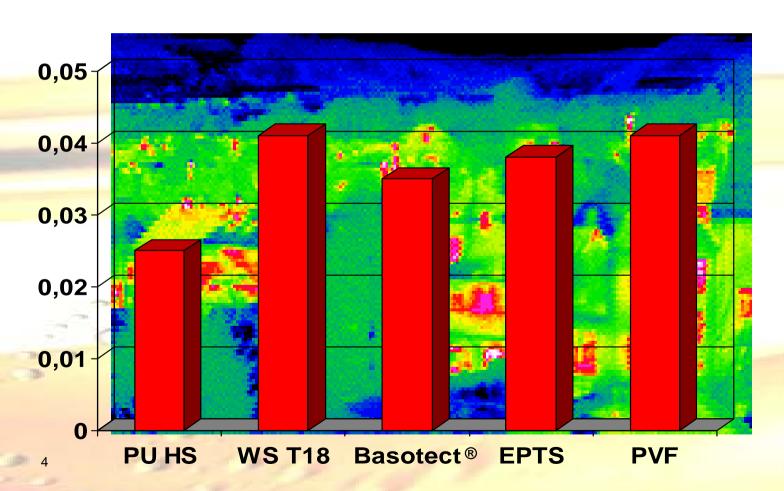


- Polyurethane soft foam
- Melamine resin foam, Basotect[®]
- Thermostabilized EPS, EPTS
- Polyester fibre mat, PFV



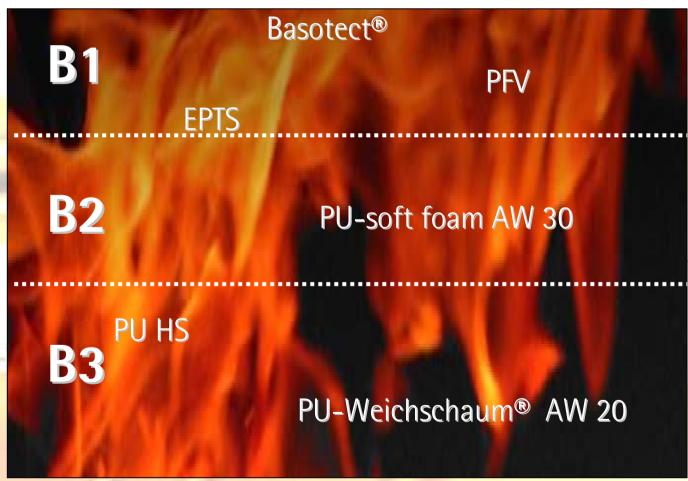
Heat insulating characteristics

Lambda value $\lambda = W/mK$, the Lambda value represents the heat conductivity of a construction material. The smaller the Lambda value is, the better the heat insulating character of a construction material.



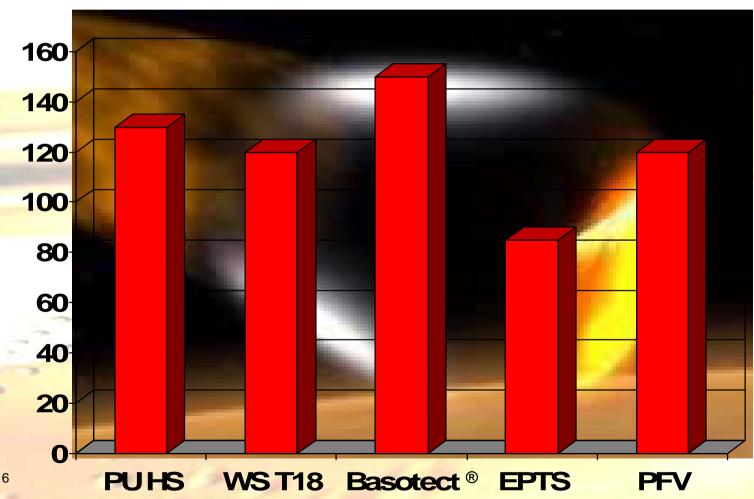


Flammability DIN 4102



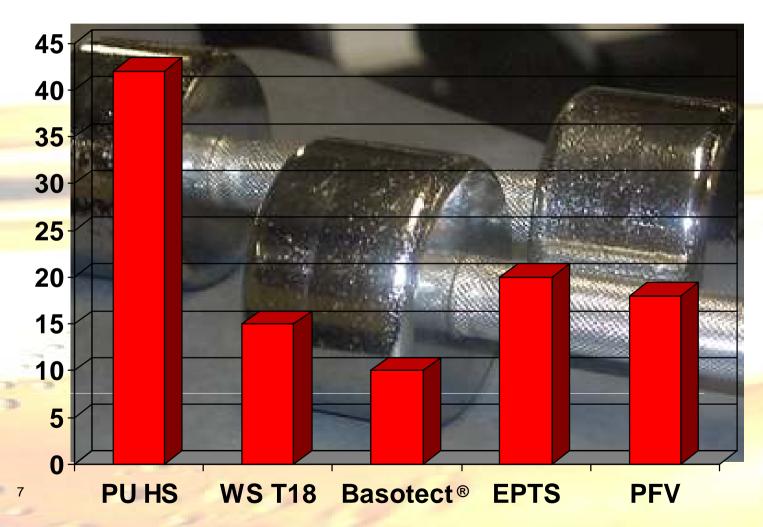
Temperature resistance in degrees Celsius









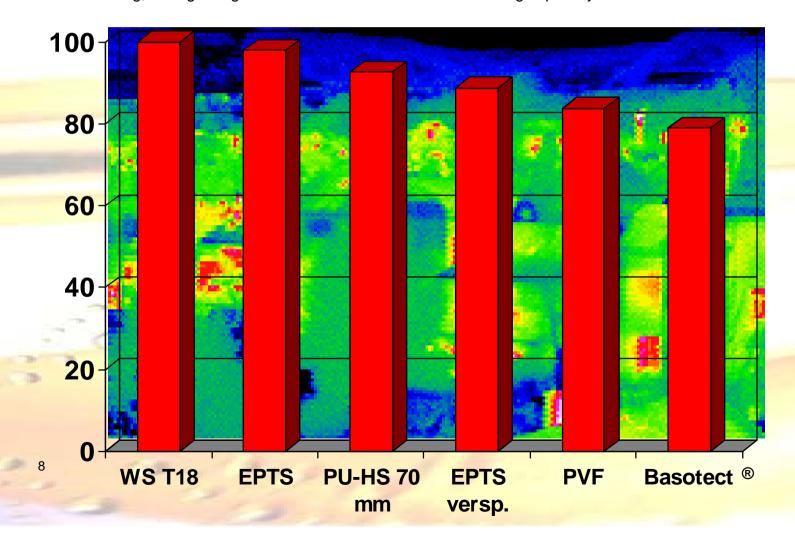






100 mm standard insulations

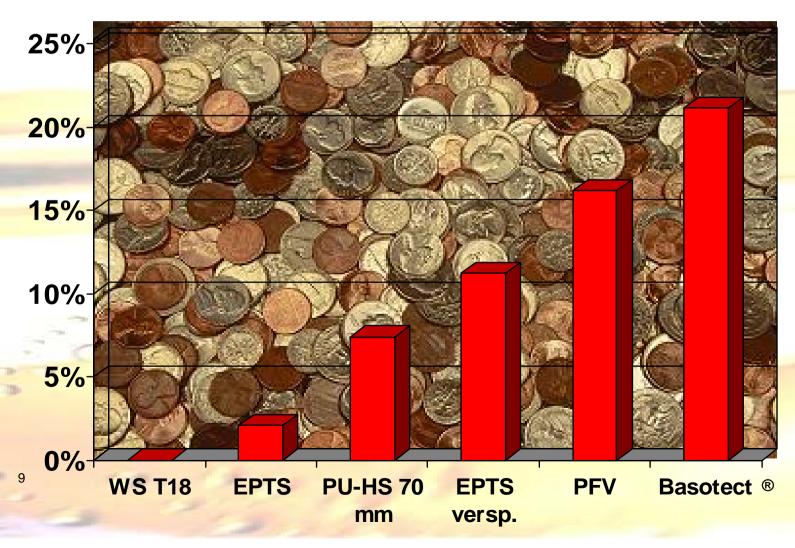
The casing, ceiling and ground insulation has the same insulating capability.



Economization (%) / year

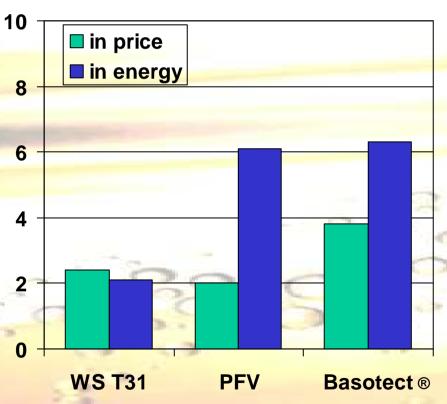
Basis: 400 ltr., WS T18, Standard





Modification foil foam Influence of ground insulation 100 mm



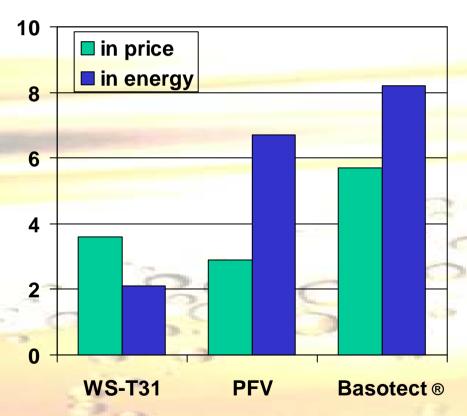


Changes in % related to standard:

- PFV
 - Best heat insulation
 - Lowest price
- Basotect®
 - Higher dimensional stability
 - Higher price
- PU-WS T31
 - Improved heat insulating characteristics

Modification foil foam Influence of ceiling insulation 150 mm



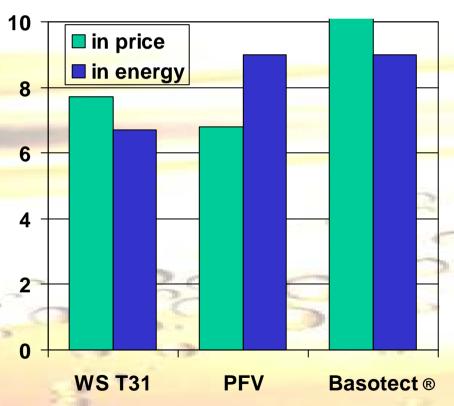


Changes in % related to standard:

- PFV
 - Good heat insulation
 - Lowest price
- Basotect®
 - Even better heat insulation
 - Higher dimensional stability
- PU-WS T31
 - Improved heat insulating characteristics

Modification foil foam Influence of ceiling insulation 200 mm



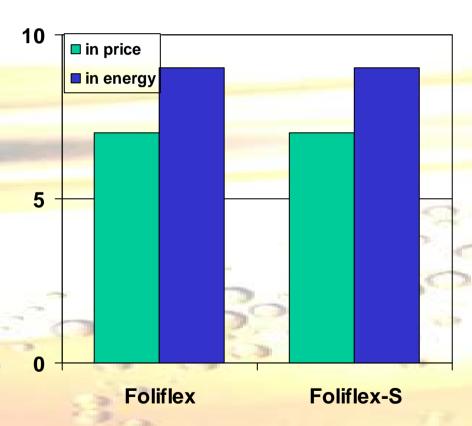


Changes in % related to standard:

- PU-WS T18
 - Not performed, because
 - No significant improvement
- Other
 - Good heat insulation related to 150 mm
 - Rel. minor differences between each other
 - Higher costs





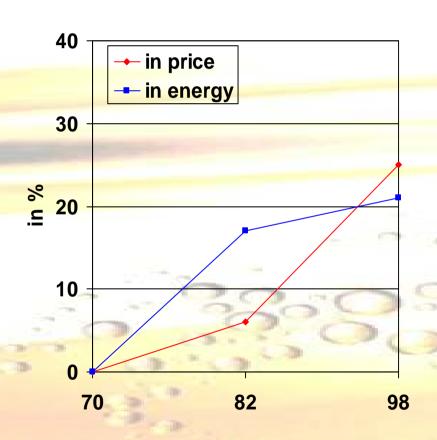


Changes through regular reflection in %:

- Considerable decrease of heat losses
- No influence on weight and easy installation

Influence of material thickness on price and insulation characteristics





Changes in % in an example of Foliflex:

- In lower range
 - Better heat protection
 - Lower cost push
- In upper range
 - Smaller improvement of heat protection
 - Bigger cost push
- Conclusion:
 - Wall thickness >100 mm less reasonable